

DATED 20 September 2022

AUCTION TECHNOLOGY GROUP PLC

AUDIT COMMITTEE - TERMS OF REFERENCE

AUCTION TECHNOLOGY GROUP PLC (THE "COMPANY")

AUDIT COMMITTEE – TERMS OF REFERENCE

1. CONSTITUTION

- 1.1 The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") has established a committee of the board known as the Audit Committee (the "Committee").
- The meetings and proceedings of the Committee are governed by these Terms of Reference which were adopted by the Board on 20 September 2022.

2. MEMBERSHIP

- 2.1 The Committee shall consist of a minimum of three members appointed by the Board on the recommendation of the Nomination Committee and in consultation with the Chair of the Committee, membership being confined to independent non-executive directors.
- 2.2 The Chair of the Committee, who shall be an independent non-executive director, shall be appointed by the Board on the recommendation of the Nomination Committee, which shall determine the period for which he/she shall hold office. In the absence of the Chair of the Committee and/or an appointed deputy, the remaining members present shall elect one of themselves to chair the meeting from those who would qualify under these terms of reference to be appointed to that position by the Board. The Chair of the Board shall not be a member of the Committee.
- 2.3 Appointments to the Committee shall be for a period for up to three years, which may be extended for up to two additional three-year periods, provided the members continue to be independent. Members of the Committee may attend meetings of the Committee in person or through the medium of conference telephone or similar form of communication equipment, provided that all persons participating in the meeting are able to hear and speak to each other throughout such meeting. The Committee may take decisions without a meeting by unanimous written consent, when deemed necessary or desirable by the Chair of the Committee.
- Only members of the Committee have the right to attend Committee meetings. However, others, such as external advisors, may be invited to attend meetings of the Committee on a regular basis and other individuals may be invited to attend all or part of any meeting as and when appropriate and necessary. The Chief Financial Officer, internal audit partner and external audit lead partner will be invited regularly to attend meetings.

3. SECRETARY

- 3.1 The Company Secretary, or their nominee, shall act as the Secretary of the Committee and will ensure that the Committee receives information and papers in a timely manner to enable full and proper consideration to be given to the issues.
- 3.2 The members of the Committee shall have such experience as is required under the UK Corporate Governance Code and chapter 7.1 of the FCA's Disclosure Guidance and

Transparency Rules. At least one member shall have recent and relevant financial experience and competence in accounting and/or auditing and the Committee as a whole must have competence relevant to the sector in which the Company operates. The requirements for independence, financial experience and competence may be satisfied by the same members or different members of the Committee.

4. QUORUM

- **4.1** The quorum for decisions of the Committee shall be any two members.¹
- 4.2 A duly convened meeting of the Committee at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions vested in or exercisable by the Committee.

5. FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS

- 5.1 The Committee shall meet quarterly and at such other times as the Chair of the Committee shall require. The Company's external or internal auditor may request a meeting if they consider it necessary. Formal meetings of the Committee may be held by telephone or other communication equipment which allows those participating to hear and speak to each other and the quorum in that event shall be any two Committee members so linked.
- Outside of the formal meeting programmes, the Chair of the Committee will maintain a dialogue with key individuals involved in the Company's governance, including the Board Chair, the Chief Executive, the Chief Financial Officer, the external audit lead partner and the internal audit partner.

6. NOTICE OF MEETINGS

- 6.1 Meetings shall be called by the Secretary of the Committee at the request of the Committee chair or any member of the Committee, or at the request of the external audit lead partner or internal audit partner if they consider it necessary.
- At least five working days' notice of any meeting of the Committee shall be given, although such notice period may be waived or shortened with the consent in writing of all the members of the Committee for the time being. Notice of the meeting shall confirm the venue, time and date, together with an agenda of items to be discussed. Notice shall be sent to each member of the Committee, any other person required to attend and all other non-executive directors. Supporting papers shall be sent to Committee members and to other attendees as appropriate at the same time. Notices, agendas and supporting papers may be sent by electronic means if the recipient has agreed to receive them electronically.

7. MINUTES OF MEETINGS

- 7.1 The Secretary shall minute the proceedings and discussions of all meetings of the Committee, including recording the names of those present and in attendance and any conflicts of interest.
- 7.2 The draft minutes of the meetings of the Committee shall be agreed with the Chair of the Committee and then circulated to all members of the Committee and, once approved, to the Board and the Company Secretary unless a conflict of interest exists or, exceptionally, it would be inappropriate to do so in the opinion of the Chair of the Committee.

8. ENGAGEMENT WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Chair of the Committee shall attend, in person or by video, the Company's Annual General Meeting prepared to respond to any shareholder questions on the Committee and its activities and achievements. In addition, the Chair of the Committee should seek engagement with shareholders on significant matters related to the Committee's areas of responsibility, as appropriate.

9. DUTIES

The Committee should have oversight of the Group as a whole and, unless required otherwise by regulation, carry out the duties below for the Company and its subsidiary undertakings and the Group as a whole, as appropriate.

9.1 Financial reporting

- 9.1.1 The Committee shall monitor the integrity of the financial statements of the Company including its annual and half-yearly reports, preliminary results' announcements and any other formal announcement relating to its financial performance, reviewing and reporting to the Board significant financial reporting issues and judgements which they contain having regard to matters communicated to it by the external auditor. The Committee shall also review summary financial statements, significant financial returns to regulators and any financial information contained in certain other documents, such as announcements of a price sensitive nature.
- **9.1.2** The Committee shall review and challenge where necessary:
 - (a) the application of significant accounting policies and any changes to them;
 - (b) the methods used to account for significant or unusual transactions where different approaches are possible;
 - (c) whether the Company has adopted appropriate accounting policies and made appropriate estimates and judgements, taking into account the views of the external auditor on the financial statements;

- (d) the clarity and completeness of disclosure in the Company's financial reports and the context in which statements are made;
- (e) the assumptions or qualifications in support of the going concern statement (including any material uncertainties as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern over a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements) and the longer term viability statement including an assessment of the prospects of the Company and the Group looking forward over an appropriate and justified period; and
- (f) all material information presented with the financial statements, such as the strategic report and the corporate governance statement (insofar as it relates to the audit and risk management).
- 9.1.3 The Committee shall review any other statements requiring Board approval which contain financial information first, where to carry out a review prior to Board approval would be practicable and consistent with any prompt reporting requirements under any law or regulation including the Listing Rules, Prospectus Regulation Rules or Disclosure Guidance and Transparency Rules sourcebook.
- **9.1.4** Where the Committee is not satisfied with any aspect of the proposed financial reporting by the Company, it shall report its views to the Board.

9.2 Narrative reporting

Where requested by the Board, the Committee should review the content of the annual report and accounts and advise the Board on whether, taken as a whole, it is fair, balanced and understandable and provides the information necessary for shareholders to assess the Company's position and performance, business model and strategy and whether it informs the Board's statement in the annual report on these matters that is required under the Code.

9.3 Internal controls and risk management

The Committee shall:

9.3.1 review the adequacy and security of the Company's arrangements for its employees and contractors to raise concerns, in confidence, about possible wrongdoing in financial reporting or other matters. The Committee shall (i) ensure that these arrangements allow proportionate and independent investigation of such matters and appropriate follow up action; and (ii) report to the Board at least twice a year on the effectiveness of these arrangements and the issues raised;

- 9.3.2 keep under review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls and internal control and risk management systems and ensuring corrective action is taken when necessary;
- **9.3.3** review and approve the statements to be included in the annual report concerning internal control, risk management, including the assessment of principal risks and emerging risks, and the viability statement;
- 9.3.4 advise the Board, following discussions with the Chief Financial Officer, on the Company's overall risk appetite, tolerance and strategy, and the principal and emerging risks the company is willing to take in order to achieve its long-term strategic objectives, taking account of the current and prospective macroeconomic and financial environment drawing on financial stability assessments such as those published by the Bank of England, the Prudential Regulation Authority, the Financial Conduct Authority and other authoritative sources that may be relevant for the Company's risk policies;
- **9.3.5** review and assess the company's risk appetite and associated stress testing;
- 9.3.6 where requested by the Board, ensure that a robust assessment of the principal and emerging risks facing the Company has been undertaken (including those risks that would threaten its business model, future performance, solvency or liquidity) and provide advice on the management and mitigation of those risks;
- **9.3.7** in relation to risk assessment:
 - (a) keep under review the Company's overall risk assessment processes that inform the Board's decision making, ensuring both qualitative and quantitative metrics are used;
 - (b) review regularly and approve the parameters used in these measures and the methodology adopted; and
 - (c) set a standard for the accurate and timely monitoring of large exposures and certain risk types of critical importance; and
- **9.3.8** evaluate the Company's principal risks, to be taken into account by the Board when assessing the Company's prospects;
- **9.3.9** review the Company's capability to identify and manage new and emerging risks;
- 9.3.10 before a decision to proceed is taken by the Board, advise the Board on proposed strategic transactions including acquisitions or disposals, ensuring that a due diligence appraisal of the proposition is undertaken, focusing in particular on risk aspects and implications for the risk appetite and tolerance

of the Company, and taking independent external advice where appropriate and available;

- **9.3.11** review reports on any material breaches of risk limits and the adequacy of proposed action;
- 9.3.12 consider the appropriateness of the Company's values and culture and reward systems for managing risk and internal controls, and the extent to which the culture and values are embedded at all levels of the company;
- 9.3.13 provide qualitative and quantitative advice to the Remuneration Committee on risk weightings to be applied to performance objectives incorporated in executive remuneration:
- 9.3.14 consider and approve the remit of the risk management function and ensure it has adequate resources and appropriate access to information to enable it to perform its function effectively and in accordance with the relevant professional standards. The Committee shall also ensure the function has adequate independence and is free from management or other restrictions; and
- 9.3.15 where requested by the Board, provide advice on how, taking into account the Company's position and principal risks, the Company's prospects have been assessed, over what period and why the period is regarded as appropriate. The Committee shall also advise on whether there is a reasonable expectation that the Company will be able to continue in operation and meet its liabilities as they fall due over the said period, drawing attention to any qualifications or assumptions as necessary.

9.4 Compliance and fraud

The Committee shall:

- **9.4.1** review the Company's procedures for detecting fraud;
- **9.4.2** review the Company's systems and controls for the prevention of bribery and receive reports on non-compliance;
- 9.4.3 review regular reports from the Money Laundering Reporting Officer and keep under review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's antimoney laundering systems and controls; and
- **9.4.4** review regular reports from the Compliance Officer and keep under review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's compliance function.

9.5 Internal audit

The Committee shall:

- 9.5.1 monitor and review the role and effectiveness of the internal audit function in the context of the Company's overall risk management system and the work of compliance, finance and the external auditor;
- **9.5.2** approve the appointment and removal of the internal audit partner where outsourced;
- 9.5.3 review and approve the role and mandate of the internal audit function, and ensure it has unrestricted scope, and adequate resources and appropriate access to information to enable it to perform its function effectively and in accordance with the relevant professional standards. The Committee shall also ensure the function has adequate standing and is free from management or other restrictions;
- **9.5.4** review and annually approve the internal audit charter to ensure that it is appropriate to the current needs of the organisation;
- 9.5.5 ensure the internal auditor has direct access to the Chair of the Board and to the Chair of the Committee (with a reporting line which enables the internal auditor to be independent from the executive), and is accountable to the Committee;
- **9.5.6** ensure that there is open communication between the different functions and that the internal function evaluates the effectiveness of risk, compliance and finance functions as part of its internal audit plan;
- 9.5.7 review and assess the annual internal audit workplan to ensure it its aligned to the key risks of the business, and receive regular reports on work carried out;
- 9.5.8 review promptly all reports on the Company from the internal auditors on a periodic basis and determine whether it is satisfied that the quality, experience and expertise of internal audit is appropriate for the business;
- **9.5.9** review and monitor management's responsiveness to the findings and recommendations of the internal auditor;
- 9.5.10 meet the internal audit partner (where outsourced) at least once a year, without management being present, to discuss their remit and any issues arising from the internal audits carried out. In addition, the internal audit partner (where outsourced) shall be given the right of direct access to the Chair of the Board and to the Committee; and
- **9.5.11** consider whether an independent, third party review of processes is appropriate.

9.6 External Audit

The Committee shall:

- 9.6.1 consider and make recommendations to the Board, to be put to shareholders for approval at the annual general meeting, about the appointment, reappointment and removal of the Company's external auditor. If the Board does not accept the Committee's recommendation(s), the Committee shall prepare a statement for inclusion in the Company's annual report, and in any papers recommending appointment or re-appointment, explaining the recommendation and setting out the reasons why the Board has taken a different position.
- ensure that the audit services' contract is put out to tender such that the Company complies with the permissible period of tenure and the selection procedure set out in S.489A of the Companies Act 2006. The Committee is responsible for organising the selection process for a new external auditor and must select at least two potential audit firms to be put forward to the Board, expressing a preference for one of them (and giving reasons for the preference identified). The Committee must state in its recommendation that its recommendation is free from influence from a third party and that no contractual term restricting the choice by the general meeting of the Company's shareholders to certain categories or lists of statutory auditors or audit firms (as fully described in Article 16 (6) of Regulation (EU) No.537 (2014)) has been imposed on the Company. The Committee shall ensure that all tendering firms have such access as is necessary to information and individuals during the duration of the tendering process;
- **9.6.3** if an external auditor resigns, investigate the issues leading to this and decide whether any action is required;
- develop and implement policy on the engagement of the external auditor to supply non-audit services, ensuring there is prior approval of non-audit services taking into account relevant regulations and ethical guidance regarding the provision of non-audit services by the external audit firm; and report to the Board, identifying any matters in respect of which it considers that action or improvement is needed and reporting to the Board on any improvement or action required. The policy should include consideration of the following matters:
 - (a) threats to the independence and objectivity of the external auditor and any safeguards in place;
 - (b) the nature of the non-audit services;
 - (c) whether the external audit firm is the most suitable supplier of the non-audit service;
 - (d) the fees for the non-audit services, both individually and in aggregate, relative to the audit fee; and

- (e) the criteria governing compensation;
- 9.6.5 oversee the relationship with the external auditor including (but not limited to):
 - (a) approval of their remuneration, whether fees for audit or non-audit services and that the level of fees is appropriate to enable an effective audit to be conducted and that the levels of such remuneration is in accordance with the relevant requirements;
 - (b) approval of their terms of engagement, including any engagement letter issued at the start of each audit and the scope of the audit;
 - (c) review and monitor their independence (including any threats to the auditor's independence and the safeguards applied to mitigate those threats) and objectivity taking into account relevant UK law, professional and regulatory requirements, the Financial Reporting Council Ethical Standard (as amended from time to time) (the "Ethical Standard") and the relationship with the auditor as a whole, including the provision of any non-audit services;
 - (d) satisfying itself that there are no relationships between the auditor and the Company (other than in the ordinary course of business) which could adversely affect the auditor's independence and objectivity;
 - (e) agreeing with the Board a policy on the employment of former employees of the Company's external auditor, taking into account the Ethical Standard and legal requirements, then monitoring the implementation of this policy;
 - (f) monitoring the external auditor's compliance with the relevant legal requirements, ethical and professional guidance on the rotation of audit partners and the Ethical Standard, the level of fees paid by the Company compared to the overall fee income of the firm, office and partner and other related requirements;
 - (g) assessing annually the qualifications, expertise and resources of the external auditor which shall include a report from the external auditor on their own internal quality procedures;
 - (h) seeking to ensure co-ordination with the activities of the internal audit function;
 - (i) considering the risk of the withdrawal of the Company's present external auditor from the market;

- (j) reviewing the report provided by the external auditor to the Committee and considering whether to request a meeting with the external auditor to discuss the matters in such report; and
- (k) evaluating the risks to the quality and effectiveness of the financial reporting process in the light of the external auditor's communications with the Committee.
- 9.6.6 meet regularly with the external auditor (including once at the planning stage before the audit and once after the audit at the reporting stage) and, at least once a year, meet with the external auditor without management being present, to discuss the auditor's remit and any issues arising from the audit;
- 9.6.7 review and approve the annual audit plan and ensure that it is consistent with the scope of the audit engagement;
- **9.6.8** review the findings of the audit with the external auditor. This shall include but not be limited to, the following:
 - (a) a discussion of any major issues which arose during the audit;
 - (b) auditor's explanation of how key risks to audit quality were addressed;
 - (c) any accounting and audit judgements;
 - (d) the auditor's view of their interactions with senior management; and
 - (e) levels of errors identified during the audit.

9.6.9 The Committee shall also:

- (a) review any representation letter(s) requested by the external auditor before they are signed by management;
- (b) review the management letter and management's response to the external auditor's findings and recommendations; and
- (c) review the effectiveness of the audit process, including an assessment of the quality of the audit, the handling of key judgements by the auditor and the auditor's responses to questions from the Committee, taking into consideration relevant UK professional and regulatory requirements.

10. REPORTING RESPONSIBILITIES

10.1 The Chair of the Committee shall report formally to the Board after each meeting on all matters within its duties and responsibilities, including on the nature and content of

discussion, recommendations, decisions made and actions to be taken, and adequate time should be made available for discussion when necessary.

- 10.2 In addition to the report required under paragraph 10.1, the Committee shall report to the Board, when relevant, on how it has discharged its responsibilities, including on:
 - (a) the significant issues that it considered in relation to the financial statements (required under paragraph 9.1.1) and how these were addressed;
 - (b) its assessment of the effectiveness of the external audit process (required under paragraph 9.6.5(g)), the approach taken to the appointment or reappointment of the external auditor, the length of tenure of the audit firm, when a tender was last conducted and advance notice of any retendering plans; and
 - (c) any other issues on which the Board has requested the Committee's opinion.
- 10.3 The Committee shall make whatever recommendations to the Board it deems appropriate on any area within its remit where action or improvement is needed. All decisions on recommendations referred to the Board shall take effect only upon approval thereof by resolution of the Board, at a meeting which is properly convened and constituted and in accordance with the Company's articles of association.
- 10.4 The Committee shall make whatever recommendations to the Board it deems appropriate on any area within its remit where action or improvement is needed.
- 10.5 The Committee shall compile a report on its activities in discharging its responsibilities to be included as a separate section in the Company's annual report. The report should include:
 - an explanation of the significant issues that the Committee considered in relation to the financial statements and how these issues were addressed;
 - an explanation of how it has assessed the independence and effectiveness of the external audit process and the approach taken to the appointment or reappointment of the external auditor;
 - information on the length of tenure of the current audit firm, when a tender was last conducted and advance notice of any re-tendering plans; and
 - if the external auditor provides non-audit services, an explanation of how auditor objectivity and independence are safe-guarded, and all other information requirements set out in the UK Corporate Governance Code.
- 10.6 In the compiling the reports referred to in paragraphs 10.1 and 10.4, the Committee should exercise judgement in deciding which of the issues it considers in relation to the financial statements are significant, but should include at least those matters that have informed the Board's assessment of whether the Company is a going concern and its longer term viability statement. The report to shareholders need not repeat information disclosed

elsewhere in the annual report and accounts, but could provide cross-references to that information.

10.7 Through the Chair of the Board, the Committee shall ensure that the Company maintains contact as appropriate and required with its principal shareholders in respect of audit and financial issues.

11. OTHER MATTERS

The Committee shall:

- have access to sufficient resources in order to carry out its duties, including access to the Company secretariat for advice and assistance as required;
- be provided with appropriate and timely training, both in the form of an induction programme for new members and on an ongoing basis for all members;
- give due consideration to applicable laws and regulations, the provisions of the UK Corporate Governance Code and the requirements of the FCA's Listing Rules, Prospectus Regulation Rules and Disclosure Guidance and Transparency Rules sourcebook and any other applicable rules, as appropriate;
- **11.1.4** be responsible for the oversight of the co-ordination of the internal and external auditors;
- 11.1.5 oversee any investigation of activities which are within its terms of reference; and
- work and liaise as necessary with all other Board committees, ensuring interaction between committees and with the Board is reviewed regularly, taking particular account of the impact of risk management and internal controls being delegated to different committees.

11.2 The Committee is authorised:

- to investigate any activity within its terms of reference and seek directly any information it requires from any employee or contractor of the Company (all such persons being directed to co-operate with any such request by the Committee);
- to obtain, at the Company's expense, outside legal or other independent professional advice at the cost of the Company to secure the attendance of outsiders with relevant experience and expertise if it considers this necessary (but such persons shall not be members of the Committee);
- to call any employee to be questioned at a meeting of the Committee as and when required; and

- to publish in the Company's annual report details of any issues that cannot be resolved between the Committee and the Board. If the Board has not accepted the Committee's recommendation on the external auditor appointment, reappointment or removal, the annual report should include a statement explaining the Committee's recommendation and the reasons why the Board has taken a different position.
- 11.3 The Committee shall conduct an annual review of its work, constitution, performance and these terms of reference to ensure it is operating at maximum effectiveness and shall make recommendations for any changes to the Board.
- 11.4 The Chair of the Committee shall review membership of the Committee annually, as part of the annual performance evaluation of the Committee.
- 11.5 The Committee shall make available its terms of reference on the Company's website explaining clearly its role and authority delegated to it by the Board.
- **11.6** References in these terms of reference to the "**Group**" mean the Company, its subsidiaries and any subsidiary undertakings.

20 September 2022